

SAMHSA-HRSA CENTER for INTEGRATED HEALTH SOLUTIONS

Implementing Substance
Abuse Services in Health
Center Settings: Challenges
and Opportunities

June 28, 2017







SAMHSA-HRSA CENTER for INTEGRATED HEALTH SOLUTIONS

Moderators:

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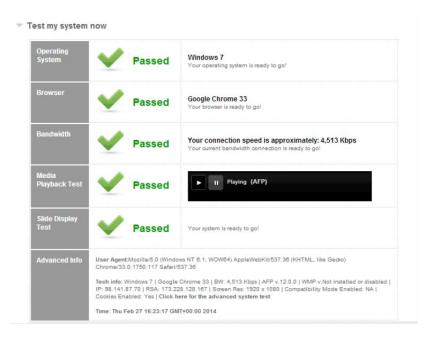






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Learning Objectives

- Understand appropriate workflows for substance abuse screening and brief intervention
 - Developing workflow protocols for SBIRT and MAT
- Increase knowledge of staffing considerations for substance abuse /MAT service provision
 - Staff recruitment and retention
 - Staff training for MAT (including DATA Waiver Training)
- Develop protocols and procedures for referrals to substance abuse services
 - Developing and formalizing partnerships/referrals for patient recruitment
- Examine substance abuse data collection and EHR utilization.
 - Electronic Health Records (EHR) enhancements
 - Medication reconciliation
 - Pharmacy dispensing

Today's Speakers

Les Sperling
CEO, Central Kansas Foundation



Tim Comeaux, LICSW, LADC1 Clinic Manager, Family Healthcare Center of Stanley Street Treatment and Resources (SSTAR)



Welcome from HRSA



Sue Lin, PhD, MS, Division Director

Bureau of Primary Health Care, Health Resources and

Services Administration

Poll Question 1

What are your the top challenges your health center faces when implementing substance abuse/MAT services? (Select all that apply)

- Staff recruitment and retention
- Staff training for MAT (including DATA Waiver Training)
- Billing
- Developing workflow protocols for SBIRT and MAT; Electronic Health Records (EHR) enhancements
- Developing and formalizing partnerships/referrals for patient recruitment,
 MAT, pharmacy dispensing or in-patient treatment
- Patient non-compliance and retention
- Patient-Centered Care and Support (e.g., patient education and enabling resources)
- Addressing Stigma (e.g., need for Motivational Interviewing)
- Adherence to CDC Prescribing Guideline



SAMHSA-HRSA CENTER for INTEGRATED HEALTH SOLUTIONS

Implementing Substance Abuse Services in Health Center Settings: Challenges and Opportunities

Les Sperling, CEO, Central Kansas Foundation





CKF SERVICES OFFERED

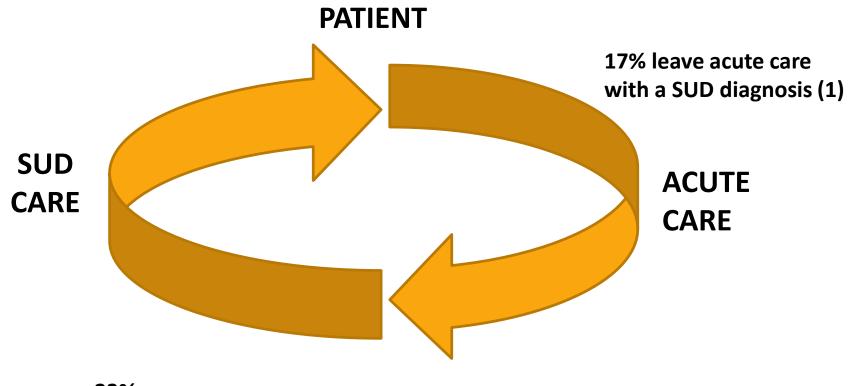
CKF is a not-for-profit corporation whose mission, since its inception in 1967, has been to provide both quality and affordable alcohol and other drug education and treatment services.

- Outpatient Treatment
- Residential Treatment
- Detoxification/Withdrawal Management, Including Opiates
- Medication-Assisted Treatment
- Co-Occurring Treatment
- Peers-Recovery Oriented Systems of Care
- Prevention
- Tobacco Cessation

OUR THREE GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR INTEGRATION

- 1) SUD providers possess expertise that is incredibly valuable to medical professionals.
- 2) When this expertise is available in acute and primary medical care settings, patient health improves and costs associated with chronic illness are reduced.
- 3) SUD services have a significant impact on health care costs and SUD work <u>will</u> be compensated adequately.

Patient Pathways



23% screen positive on Audit C

PRIMARY CARE

(1) "Acute Care Hospital Utilization Among Medical Inpatients Discharged With a Substance Use Disorder Diagnosis", *J Addict Med*. Volume 6, Number 1, March 2012





SUD Providers

CKF

Community Based
65 Employees
5 locations
Outpatient, Detox,
Medication Assisted
Withdrawal, Residential
Treatment &
Prevention/Education

Salina Regional Health Center

300 Bed Acute Care
Regional Health Center
Level III Trauma Center
27,000 ED
presentations/year
Alcohol/Drug DRG was
2nd most frequent readmission

Stormont-Vail Health Center

586 Bed Acute Care Hospital Level II Trauma Center 65,000 ED presentations /year

Salina Family Healthcare

10,000 unique patients
13 Family Medicine
Residents
10 dental chairs

Important Questions For Health Center Integration

- 1) Do you have a thorough understanding of the operational and cultural challenges that each group you are seeking integration with faces on a daily basis?
 - Are you bringing a boutonniere or a centerpiece to the table?
 - Is your elevator speech acronym free?

Important Questions For Health Center Integration

- 2) Does your agency view SBIRT as a stand alone service or an integral part of the medical and SUD continuum of care?
- 3) Do you have referral relationships in place to ensure warm hand-offs and same day engagement?
- 4) Have you completed an integration pro forma or business plan?
- 5) Have you assessed your tolerance for financial risk and entrepreneurial potential?
- 6) If you offer SUD services, would you be willing to place staff in a medical setting without financial support in exchange for revenue generated by referrals?

Key Health Center Agreement Components

Address specific obligations related to:

- Facilities, Personnel, and Services Provided
- Scheduling and Referral Process
- Integration of Staff
- Financial, Salary Support
- Billing and Fees
- Medical Records, Documentation
- Credentialing
- Abusive Staff Behavior***

Key Health Center Staff Characteristics and Skills

- Key recruiting sources are nursing schools and universities
- Professional appearance and disposition
- Team Player
- Quick Learner
- Conflict Resolution Skills
- Familiarity with BH delivery system and community resources
- Effective written and verbal communication skills

Key Health Center Staff Characteristics and Skills

- Flexible
- Resourceful
- Trauma informed
- Crises Management
- Ability to function in medical emergency
- Prefer completed MI and BNI training
- Sound approach to addiction care

Key Components of Health Center/SUD Staff Training

- Motivational Interviewing
- Brief Negotiated Interview
- S.B.I.R.T. (helpful to have a Trainer of Trainers on staff)
- Role playing
- Specific Referral Network Protocols and Procedures
- Trauma informed care

Key Health Center/Provider Network Traits

- Offers same day appointments
- Offers same day admissions
- Supports Medication Assisted Treatment
- Willing to participate in outcome data collection and analysis
- Participates in true warm hand offs
- Willing to travel to clinic and hospital to begin patient engagement
- Prefer 24/7 on call telephone or website capacity
- Willing to provide per procedure cost data
- Willing to complete required credentialing processes
- Willing to execute formal MOU or contract

Health Center Workflow Mapping

- Specific and thorough
- Include referral and outcome data collection in mapping
- Resolve EMR and documentation issues
- Include patient/client in process: "Hassle Mapping"-Adrian Slywotzky
- BH provider leads the process and does administrative work
- Address all internal and external constraints of partners

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Poll Question 2

How does your health center provide substance abuse services?

- Through a partnership with a specialty substance abuse treatment facility
- Through the use of in-house substance abuse staff

Does your health center currently provide medication assisted treatment services?

- Yes
- No



SAMHSA-HRSA CENTER for INTEGRATED HEALTH SOLUTIONS

Integrated Substance Abuse Treatment:
Buprenorphine in a Federally Qualified
Health Center



Tim Comeaux, LICSW, LADC1

Health Center Director

The Family Health Care Center at SSTAR (Stanley Street Treatment and Resources)
Fall River, Massachusetts





Introduction

- Overview of The Family Health Care Center at SSTAR (a 330 subrecipient of Health First Family Care Center)
- Overview of SSTAR's Office-Based Buprenorphine Treatment Program
- Description of protocols
- Treatment outcomes
- Recruiting and retention strategies
- Staffing considerations, use of SASE funding
- Utilization of Electronic Health Record

Overview of Family Health Care Center at SSTAR

- Established as leadership realized our patients were not receiving adequate primary medical care for:
 - Diseases related to substance use
 - Mental health issues
 - HIV/AIDS
- Opened primary site in 1996; second site in March 2012
- Currently classified as a 330 Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC), sub-recipient of Health First Family Care Center

Family Health Care Center at SSTAR

- Staffing
 - 2 Family practice physicians
 - 3.75 Family nurse practitioners
 - 1 Adult nurse practitioner
 - 2 Psychiatric nurse practitioners
 - 0.2 FTE ID MDs
 - 0.6 FTE Pediatrician
 - 0.2 FTE Psychiatrist
- 118 total employees
- Provides chronic illness case management for diabetes, substance use disorder, hypertension, asthma, chronic pain, HIV, and HCV

The Family Health Care Center at SSTAR Statistics

	2015	2016
Number of unduplicated clients	5,913	6,306
Medical visits	16,544	20,965
Mental health visits	4,272	3,262
Unduplicated mental health clients	1,133	780
Substance abuse visits	17,598	18,793
Case management visits	7,947	5,853
Total clinic visits	48,493	50,416

Primary Diagnosis: Patients' Presenting Problems

	2015	2016
Alcohol disorder	3%	4%
Substance abuse disorder	19%	24%
Depressive disorder	16%	20%
Anxiety disorder and PTSD	16%	22%
Other mental disorders	4%	4%

Why Buprenorphine? How the decision was made

Agency philosophy

Utilize evidence-based treatments

Community need

High incidence of opiate addiction

Limited treatment access

Inpatient detoxification and methadone maintenance only options

Our desire to expand treatment capacity

Working people were unable to commit to inpatient admissions

Coverage available

Buprenorphine was paid for by Massachusetts Medicaid

First induction: September 2004

SSTAR's Health Care Center Model

- Patient Centered Medical Home Model
- Allows substance abuse treatment with increased privacy and confidentiality
- Allows better medical care for substance abuserelated diseases
- Safe and convenient in-home use allows more normal routines and higher quality of life
- Integrated treatment decreases stigma
- Care team funded by SASE grant provides the patient with well coordinated care

SSTAR's Health Care Center Model

- SASE Funding has allowed us to enhance services, hire additional staff, add services at our satellite site, and increase our capacity to serve more patients
- Family Health Care Center at SSTAR requires that every physician hired obtain or currently possess a DEA waiver to dispense buprenorphine
- Family Health Care Center at SSTAR has also hired:
 - 4.5 FTE RNs
 - 2 FTE Administrative Assistants
 - 3 FTE Medical Assistants
 - 1 FTE LICSW
 - 2 FTE CADC (Certified Alcohol and Drug Counselor)
 - 1 FTE CHW (Community Health Worker)

Recruiting and Retention Strategies

- National Health Service Corps (HPSA Score of 15 for primary care and 19 for mental health) and other loan repayment opportunities
- Unique partnership with Health First Family Care Center (we are 330 sub-recipient, patients of both FQHCs can access each other's services)
- Infectious Disease partnership with Miriam Hospital in Providence (we subcontract one ID provider from them, they subcontract one from us)
- Strong interdisciplinary team and interdepartmental collaboration across the agency (FQHC, Outpatient Behavioral Health, Inpatient Substance Abuse Services)
- Regular access to trainings, conferences, and regional meetings to maintain network of colleagues

Family Health Care Center at SSTAR's Health Care Center Model

- Suboxone patients must also receive their primary health care at SSTAR
- 68% are self-referrals, 25% from substance use treatment facilities (10% statewide)
- Patients are pre-screened by phone
- PCP referral required before enrollment
- Nursing intake required before induction
- Induction date and time arranged with patient (exception- patient on street suboxone)
- Unified Diagnostic Services (UDS) must be clear of nonprescription substances on day of induction (exception: THC, opiates- but patient must be in withdrawal)

Family Health Care Center at SSTAR's Health Care Center Model

Induction day 1:

- 2-4 hours at facility
- Medication obtained from local pharmacy
- Induction performed by RNs following preapproved protocol
- All patients seen by physician prior to leaving facility
- Maximum dose 12 mg, may be given 4 mgs PRN for later (general rule, but case by case depending on patient presentation)

Induction day 2:

- Patient instructed to medicate with Day 1 dose upon awakening
- Patient asked to call RN within 2 hours for phone assessment
- RN, in consultation with MD, will provide script for one week
- Patient seen weekly by buprenorphine provider or nurse for 12 weeks,
 with a UDS and pill count at each visit

Family Health Care Center at SSTAR's Health Care Center Model

- Client attends weekly relapse prevention group for 12 weeks and then if abstinent and adherent- then biweekly for one month and may begin monthly group and clinical visits after that
- Once long-term sobriety established, may be given refills and seen by MD every two months
- Individual counseling is offered and available to all patients.

Family Health Care Center at SSTAR's Health Care Center Model

- Diversion = Immediate discharge
- Illicit use:
 - Random UDS and pill counts
 - Weekly visits
 - Increased SA treatment (1:1, IOP or detox)
 - Eventual taper or referral to methadone
- Former clients can reapply at any time

Notable Features of Family Health Care Center at SSTAR's Model

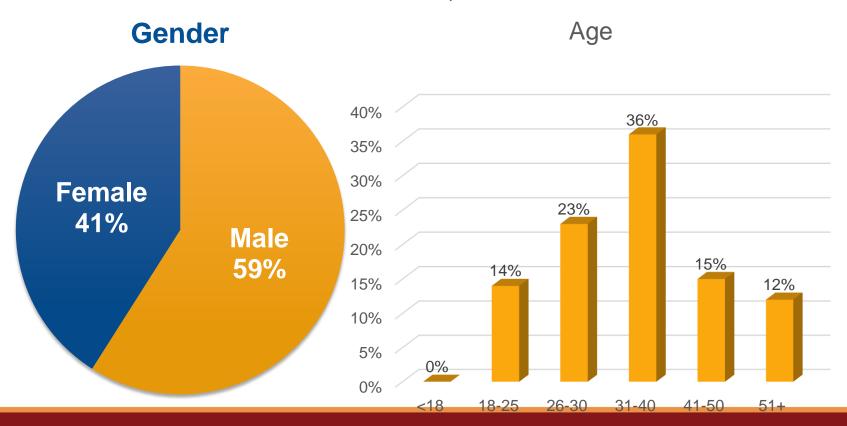
Collaborative care model

Alford DP, LaBelle CT, Kretsch N, etal. Collaborative Care of Opioid-Addicted Patients in Primary Care using Buprenorphine. Arch Intern Med, Mar 2011; 171(3):425-437.

- On-site induction, not in-home induction
- Significant physician involvement
- Regular multi-disciplinary team meetings
- Psychosocial treatment done within Family Health Care Center at SSTAR system
- Harm reduction philosophy
 - Goal is to keep patients in treatment

Whom Do We Treat?

Massachusetts Department of Public Health: Bureau of Substance Abuse Services and HIV/AIDS Bureau. OBOT Admission/Enrollment Profile. July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2016:

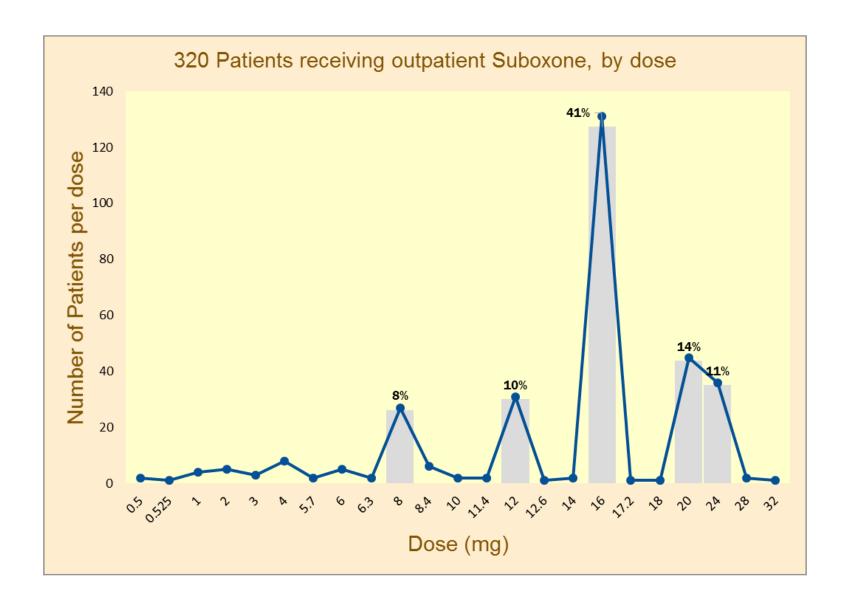


Whom Do We Treat?

- 67% Medicaid, 12% Medicare
- 52% Employed full- or part-time
- 48% Unemployed
- 76% Heroin users
- 16% Other opiates
- 57% IV use in last 12 months

Massachusetts Department of Public Health: Bureau of Substance Abuse Services and HIV/AIDS Bureau.

OBOT Admission/Enrollment Profile. July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016:



How Are We Doing?

Admission Statistics

- -2016: 124 Buprenorphine, 94 Vivitrol
- -2015: 42 Buprenorphine, 119 Vivitrol
- -2014: 93 Buprenorphine, 57 Vivitrol
- Current Active Caseload:
- 325 Buprenorphine
- 79 Vivitrol

Substance Abuse Service Expansion Funding

- Allows Family Health Care Center at SSTAR to expand MAT offering to more patients
- Family Health Care Center at SSTAR has provided technical assistance to Health First Family Care Center around implementing their new MAT program
- Expansion of MAT services to our satellite health center location
- With increased staffing level, we have been able to coordinate a faster connection to treatment for clients, now within one week of phone screening

How Are We Doing?

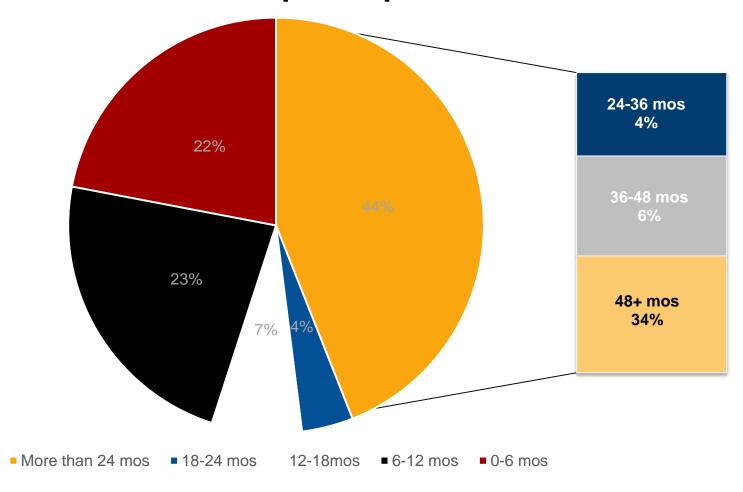
Disenrollments by Reason in FY 2016:

• Dropout: 68%

• Transferred: 19%

Administrative Discharge: 10%

Time on buprenorphine- months



Staffing Considerations

- Teamwork is critical, everyone must support each other and surround the patients with well-coordinated care
- Monthly interdisciplinary team meeting helps to keep team members on the same page
- Phone screening and intake process must be clear and done in an organized fashion
- Need to have equitable caseloads that take into account administrative duties and special projects
- Clear process and point person for all state and federal grant required assessments/paperwork

Substance Abuse data collection and EHR system

- Family Health Care Center at SSTAR utilizes the Next Gen Electronic Health Record for primary care, behavioral health, and inpatient substance abuse services
- Ability to access progress notes across departments to coordinate care and serve "the whole person"
- Methadone is the only service not entered into Next Gen due to the complexity of connecting the dosing process, however all patients on methadone have an indicator in their chart
- Shared medication module, allowing for centralized medication management across departments
- Pharmacy information is contained in Next Gen, and prescriptions are generally sent electronically

Next Gen EHR Opportunities

- Custom Buprenorphine template created and maintained by in-house IT staff
- Structured data fields present great reporting opportunity
- Tasking within Next Gen provides an efficient communication method between team members
- Importance of standardized documentation practices that include utilizing structured data fields
- Use of Azara DRVS reporting software that connects to Next Gen, provides UDS and quality data reports, and allows us to benchmark ourselves against other FQHCs

Visit us at SSTAR.org If questions: tcomeaux@sstar.org



MANY THANKS!

Genie Bailey, MD, Director of Research SSTAR
Colleen LaBelle RN, CARN, OBOT Coordinator Boston Medical Center
Nancy Paull, MA, CEO of SSTAR
Lorraine St. Pierre, RN, CARN, MAT Program Director SSTAR
Emily Eagle, Director of Quality Analytics, SSTAR

CIHS Resources

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
 - Overdose Data
 - Guidelines for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain
- Innovations in Addictions Treatment: Addiction Treatment Providers
 Working with Integrated Primary Care Services

http://www.integration.samhsa.gov/clinicalpractice/13_May_CIHS_Innovations.pdf

 The Medication Assisted Treatment Implementation Checklist http://www.integration.samhsa.gov/clinical-practice/mat/MAT_Implementation_Checklist_FINAL.pdf

Resources

PCSS MAT Waiver Training

http://pcssmat.org/education-training/mat-waiver-training/

SBIRT clearinghouse

http://www.integration.samhsa.gov/clinical-practice/sbirt#why

 The Core Competencies for Integrated Behavioral Health and Primary Care

http://www.integration.samhsa.gov/workforce/Integration_Competencies_Final.pdf

CIHS Tools and Resources

Visit <u>www.integration.samhsa.gov</u> or e-mail <u>integration@thenationalcouncil.org</u>





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